Make link targets hyperref bundle

The $\square T_E X$ Project*

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1 Commands to create and adapt targets

This module provides commands to create targets. Their goal is to unify and replace a number of user and internal hyperref commands and to provide a clear interface for package authors and users.

1.1 The main command

\MakeLinkTarget creates a target for an internal link, (called a destination if a PDF is created). In vertical mode the target is created where the command is issued, in horizontal mode it is typically (in a PDF) raised by the current \normalbaselineskip (similar to the targets created by \refstepcounter).

The arguments allow to control the name of the target/anchor/destination. While technically any unique name (e.g. some number) would work, names related to the actual counter both simplifies the debugging and referencing destinations from external documents. Also **\autoref** makes use of the name to identify the type of a label: it splits off the part until the first period and then looks up for a defined name. So if you create a target name ABC.CDE.1.2, **\autoref** tries to use **\ABCautorefname**.

The name is then stored $globally^1$ in \@currentHref and used for example in the next \label. A target name must be unique across a document. It is up to the users and package authors to ensure this by following the advices given below.

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¹This means that the deprecated hyperref option localanchorname is ignored.

A global \@currentHref means that the target name and the label name can get out of sync: if for example a numbered equation is used between a section and a \label, a reference will show the section number but a link will jump to the equation.

hyperref allows to switch to local assignment of \@currentHref and so to align with the other \label values with the (so-called experimental) option localanchorname. But while on a document level this can work, it makes it difficult for package authors to add reliable link targets that can be referenced if it is unclear if the assignment is local or global.

So the choice was made to set \@currentHref globally always (and to deprecate localanchorname): This is the default in hyperref since ever and it didn't lead to major problems. It has the advantage to allow to put an anchor in a box and move it around. E.g. in the following example the two \ref commands reference the section but the second jumps to the top of the rule:

```
\section{An example}\label{sec:title}
\newpage \raisebox{3cm}[0pt][0pt]{\phantomsection}%
\rule{1cm}{3cm}\label{sec:page2}
page two
\newpage
\ref{sec:title}, \ref{sec:page2}
```

Target names from counters

 $MakeLinkTarget[\langle prefix \rangle] \{\langle counter \rangle\}$

If the mandatory argument is not empty it is interpreted as a IATEX counter name. The counter is not stepped by the command. If the $\langle counter \rangle$ doesn't exist, a warning is issued and no target is created.

The target name is created as expansion of $\langle prefix \rangle$. \theH $\langle counter \rangle$ (and so both the prefix and \theH $\langle counter \rangle$ should be expandable). The default prefix is the counter name $\langle counter \rangle$.

For example:

\theH(counter) must be defined: \MakeLinkTarget does not try like other hyperref commands to construct the command on-the-fly but warns and creates no target if it doesn't exist. Be aware that if hyperref is used with the option implicit=false it does not predefine and create \theH(counter) representations so targets could be missing!²

Typically $\theH(counter)$ should expand to numbers and periods and make use of parent counters to give a unique representation. The prefix can be a more or less arbitrary string. Spaces are allowed (but not really recommended). A star at the end should be avoided to prevent clashes with the names created when the internal counter is used. The use of non-ASCII chars with pdflatex depends on the LATEX version: With newer version many of them are safe and with a format 2022-06-01 or newer it should be even possible to use chars in a target name which are undeclared and can't be typeset in the document. But despite the fact that it works, it is recommended to stick to ASCII and to avoid spaces: It is unclear if all PDF viewers and editors can handle them, also they give rather unreadable names in the PDF like ($360\237\246\206$) and so make debugging harder.

Using a special prefix can be useful if the actual counter has an internal name like e.g. tcb@cnt@example. \MakeLinkTarget[tcbexample]{tcb@cnt@example} then gives

 $^{^{2}}$ It is planed that IAT_EX directly defines the \theH(counter) for all counters created with \newcounter.

a nicer looking target name. Care should be taken not to clash with existing counter names and names for **\autoref** should be adjusted if needed.

Targets using the internal counter

 $MakeLinkTarget[\langle prefix \rangle] \}$

If the mandatory argument is empty a target name based on an internal absolute counter is created. The counter is stepped at every call (and also by other hyperref commands). The prefix is added with a star and a period (see above for the allowed chars). The default prefix is page.

	\Rightarrow page*.1
	\Rightarrow page*.2
\MakeLinkTarget[section]{}	\Rightarrow section*.3

As an example the hyperref command \phantomsection is equivalent to \MakeLinkTarget[section]

Manual target names

\MakeLinkTarget*{{manual target name}}

If the starred variant is used a manual target name is created.

\MakeLinkTarget*{destname} is roughly equivalent to \hypertarget{destname}{} but unlike the latter it also raises the destination in a PDF, there is no text argument, and—most importantly—it updates \@currentHref, that means the target name is stored by the next \label, something that \hypertarget doesn't do). The target name is expanded, see the remarks about prefixes above regarding the allowed chars.

When creating manually targets care should be taken to avoid clashes with automatic target names. As all automatic targets contain at least one period, names without a period are recommended.

The second (text) argument of **\hypertarget** is only used if the option **nesting** is set to true but this option isn't used anywhere (in PDF the idea of a text in the anchor or nesting of anchors makes no sense anyway but also when html is produced e.g. with **make4ht** it is not used). So probably the option will be deprecated and removed.

1.2 Manipulate the next target name

Targets are sometimes created in places where it is difficult to inject a label to retrieve the target name for use e.g. in a bookmark. The next command allows to change the next target name:

\NextLinkTarget \NextLinkTarget{(manual target)}

The command changes the next target name to $\langle manual target \rangle$. It does the same as the *hypersetup* key next-anchor and also affects targets created by *hypersetup*.

A use case are bookmarks for the table of contents where you know that the heading will create a target:

```
\documentclass{book}
\usepackage{bookmark}
```

```
\begin{document}
\bookmark[dest=toc]{Table of Contents}
\NextLinkTarget{toc}
\tableofcontents
\chapter{A}
\end{document}
```

Hooks

<u>makelinktarget</u> The hook makelinktarget³ is executed at the begin of the commands. It is inside a group and so can be used to locally change settings. See below for an example.

Suppressing the target

\LinkTargetOn \LinkTargetOn
\LinkTargetOff \LinkTargetOff

This commands allows to switch on and off locally the creation of a target with \MakeLinkTarget. The switches are also honored by \refstepcounter⁴. This allows to suppress the target from an internal \refstepcounter and replace it by some manual version by using grouping:

\LinkTargetOff %suppress anchor in internal refstepcounter

```
\refstepcounter{...}
```

. . .

. . .

. . .

{\LinkTargetOn\MakeLinkTarget*{mytarget}} %create manual anchor

\LinkTargetOn

Raising the target

In horizontal mode the target is raised by the current value of **\normalbaselineskip**. To change this the hook can be used e.g. to double the value everywhere:

```
\AddToHook{cmd/MakeLinkTarget/before}
  {\setlength\normalbaselineskip{2\normalbaselineskip}}
\leavevmode\MakeLinkTarget{section}
```

 $^{^3} The hook uses a plain name without reference to the hyperref package in anticipation of the move of this code into the <math display="inline">I\!AT_E\!X$ kernel.

⁴currently \refstepcounter doesn't use \MakeLinkTarget itself but this will probably change.

1.3 Changing all target names

\SetLinkTargetFilter \SetLinkTargetFilter{{filter code using #1}}

hyperref provides the command \ByperDestNameFilter to change all target names. It is applied⁵ to every target name and is also used in references, but it doesn't change \CurrentHref itself. So after

```
\renewcommand*{\HyperDestNameFilter}[1]{docA-#1}
```

you would get in the PDF everywhere the prefix docA

```
%destination names:
<<
/Names [(docA-Doc-Start) 7 0 R (docA-chapter.1) 8 0 R (docA-page.1) 6 0 R]
/Limits [(docA-Doc-Start) (docA-page.1)]
>>
%link to a chapter
/A << /S /GoTo /D (docA-chapter.1) >>
%link from the bookmark
<< /S /GoTo /D (docA-chapter.1) >>
```

but the label info in the .aux would show only chapter.1:

 $\ensuremath{\{1\}}{Title}{chapter.1}{}$

and so \autoref is still able to extract the counter name.

\MakeLinkTarget uses this filter too: it would break internal link commands if it would ignore it. To stay compatible with future development the filter should not be redefined directly but be set with \SetLinkTargetFilter. The command can only be used in the preamble.

```
\SetLinkTargetFilter{docA-#1}
```

2 Implementation

```
1 \langle @@=hyp \rangle
```

- 2 (*header)
- 3 \ProvidesExplPackage{hyperref-linktarget}{2022-06-20}{v7.00s}
- 4 {Making targets, destinations and anchors -- module of hyperref}

```
5 \langle /header \rangle
```

6 (package-include)\ExplSyntaxOn

2.1 Variables

 $_{7}$ (*package)

- 8 \bool_new:N \l__hyp_target_create_bool
- y \bool_set_true:N \l__hyp_target_create_bool

 $^{^{5}}$ In the backend code, so it depends actually on the driver if it is honored or not

(End of definition for \l_hyp_target_create_bool.)

makelinktarget This hook is used to adapt for example the raising

10 \hook_new:n {makelinktarget}

(End of definition for makelinktarget. This function is documented on page 4.)

2.2 Helper commands

```
\__hyp_target_raise:n
```

:n We need a command to raise the targets. It is mostly a copy from the hyperref command but we removed the hooks and use **\normalbaselineskip**. TODO: The code to save/restore the space factor should be replaced by kernel methods. change 2024-11-06: add a kern, see thm-anchor test.

11	\cs_new_protected:Npn \hyp_target_raise:n #1
12	{
13	\mode_if_vertical:TF
14	{ #1 }
15	{
16	\Hy@SaveSpaceFactor
17	\penalty\@M
18	\smash
19	{
20	\box_move_up:nn
21	<pre>{ \normalbaselineskip }</pre>
22	{
23	\hbox:n
24	{
25	\Hy@RestoreSpaceFactor
26	#1
27	\Hy@SaveSpaceFactor
28	}
29	}
30	}
31	\kern0pt
32	\Hy@RestoreSpaceFactor
33	}
34	}

(End of definition for __hyp_target_raise:n.)

2.3 Providing the commands

In anticipation of the addition of the main commands to the kernel as no-ops we provide them:

- 35 \ProvideDocumentCommand\LinkTargetOn{}{}
- 36 \ProvideDocumentCommand\LinkTargetOff{}{}
- 37 \ProvideDocumentCommand\MakeLinkTarget{s0{}m}{}
- 38 \ProvideDocumentCommand\NextLinkTarget{m}{}

2.4 Target on and off switch

\LinkTargetOn \LinkTargetOff 39 \RenewDocumentCommand\LinkTargetOn {} { 40 \bool_set_true:N \l__hyp_target_create_bool 41 42 } 43 44 \RenewDocumentCommand\LinkTargetOff {} 45 { 46 \bool_set_false:N \l__hyp_target_create_bool 47 } 48 (End of definition for \LinkTargetOn and \LinkTargetOff. These functions are documented on page 4.) This is the main command. To keep it simple we allow an optional argument also for the \MakeLinkTarget manual command but ignore it for now. \RenewDocumentCommand\MakeLinkTarget {s 0{} m} 49 50 ſ \bool_if:NT \l__hyp_target_create_bool 51 52 \group_begin: 53 \hook_use:n { makelinktarget } 54 \IfBooleanTF {#1} 55 56 ł __hyp_target_manual:nn {#2}{#3} 57 } 58 ł 59 __hyp_target_counter:nn {#2}{#3} 60 } 61 62 \group_end: } 63 } 64 (End of definition for \MakeLinkTarget. This function is documented on page 1.) This is the code for the manual target name. The prefix is simply ignored. __hyp_target_manual:nn 65 \cs_new_protected:Npn __hyp_target_manual:nn #1 #2 %#1 prefix, #2 name { 66 \tl_gset:Ne \@currentHref {#2} 67 \hook_use:n {__hyp/target/setname} 68 \@onelevel@sanitize\@currentHref 69 __hyp_target_raise:n {\hyper@anchorstart{\@currentHref}\hyper@anchorend} 70 3 71 (End of definition for __hyp_target_manual:nn.) __hyp_target_counter:nn The code for counter related targets must be split into the case where the internal counter is used, and where a user counter is used 72 \cs_new_protected:Npn __hyp_target_counter:nn #1 #2 %#1 prefix, #2 counter or empty 73 Ł \tl_if_blank:nTF {#2} 74 ł 75 __hyp_target_counter_anon:n {#1} 76

```
(End of definition for \__hyp_target_counter:nn.)
```

_hyp_target_counter_anon:n This creates the target with the internal count. We use the same (tex) count \Hy@linkcounter than the other hyperref commands.

```
\cs_new_protected:Npn \__hyp_target_counter_anon:n #1
83
    ſ
84
      \int_gincr:N\Hy@linkcounter
85
      \tl_gset:Ne \@currentHref
86
        {\tl_if_blank:nTF{#1}{page}{#1}*.\int_use:N\Hy@linkcounter}
87
      \hook_use:n {__hyp/target/setname}
88
      \Conelevel@sanitize\CcurrentHref
89
      \__hyp_target_raise:n {\hyper@anchorstart{\@currentHref}\hyper@anchorend}
90
    }
91
```

```
(End of definition for \_hyp_target_counter_anon:n.)
```

_hyp_target_counter_doc:nn And now the target with the user counter. We warn if the counter or the representation doesn't exist

```
92 \cs_new_protected:Npn \__hyp_target_counter_doc:nn #1 #2
                       ſ
 93
                                 \bool_lazy_or:nnTF { \cs_if_free_p:c {c@#2} } { \cs_if_free_p:c {theH#2} }
 94
 95
                                          ſ
                                                     \PackageWarning {hyperref}{Counter~'#2'~or~the~representation~'\string\theH#2`\MessageWarning {hyperref}{Counter~'#2'~or~the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~representation~'\string\the~represe
 96
                                                     don't~exist.~No~target~created.}{}
 97
                                          }
 98
                                           ł
 99
                                                      \tl_gset:Ne \@currentHref {\tl_if_blank:nTF{#1}{#2}{#1}.\use:c{theH#2}}
100
                                                      \hook_use:n {__hyp/target/setname}
                                                      \@onelevel@sanitize\@currentHref
                                                       \__hyp_target_raise:n {\hyper@anchorstart{\@currentHref}\hyper@anchorend}
103
                                          }
104
                     }
105
```

(End of definition for __hyp_target_counter_doc:nn.)

\NextLinkTarget we rely on the internal hook to set the next target name:

```
NenewDocumentCommand\NextLinkTarget {m}
RenewDocumentCommand\NextLinkTarget {m}
RenewDocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenewPocumentRenew
```

(End of definition for \NextLinkTarget. This function is documented on page 3.)

\SetLinkTargetFilter This is an interface to \HyperDestNameFilter

114 \NewDocumentCommand\SetLinkTargetFilter {m}

115 {

- \cs_set:Npn \HyperDestNameFilter ##1 {#1}
- 117 **}**
- 118 \@onlypreamble \SetLinkTargetFilter

(End of definition for \SetLinkTargetFilter. This function is documented on page 5.)

- $_{119} \langle / package \rangle$
- 120 (00=).
- 121 $(package-include) \ ExplSyntaxOff$